| Retailing Markup Guidelines |  |
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| Industry \& Product | \% to Markup |
| Retail |  |
| Clothing | $100-350 \%$ |
| Shoes | $100-500 \%$ |
| Furniture | $200-400 \%$ |
| Grocery | $8 \%$ |
|  |  |
| Restaurants |  |
| Food | up to $500 \%$ |
| Drinks |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Construction | $50 \%$ |
| Renovations | $15-20 \%$ |
| Home Building |  |
|  | Manufacturing |

As a business owner, you will want to raise the cost of your product or service from the price you purchased them for, so you can make a profit. This document is a guideline on the typical percentages used to markup products and services. We recommend you also research typical costs of goods and services within your market to ensure you are appropriately priced with your competition.

To calculate your markups, you want to ? the total price you paid for materials/products by the corresponding \% to Markup.

For example if you purchase a table from a wholesaler for $\$ 500$ for your home décor store, you will likely charge your customers $\$ 1500-\$ 2500$ for that table based on the $200-400 \%$ markup. If you are in construction and you purchase $\$ 10,000$ of materials for a renovation, you will markup costs by $50 \%$ and charge your client $\$ 15,000-$ - $\$ 10,000$ to cover the cost of materials and $\$ 5,000$ for labour.

